“What does good student writing at this grade level look like?”

The answer lies in the writing itself.

The Writing Standards in Action Project uses high quality student writing samples to illustrate what performance to grade level standards looks like—in action.
Writing Sample Title: All About the Grey Wolf: The Pack Family
(Selection 1)

Text Type and Purpose: Inform/Explain

Grade level/Content area: Grade 2 English Language Arts

Type of Assignment: Group Research Project

Standards Addressed: (W.2.2), (W.2.7), (W.2.8), (RI.2.1), (L.2.1), (L.2.2), (L.2.3)

See descriptions of these standards in the right column of the next page.

Note About This Sample:
This sample, Selection 1 (Sample C2-4a) is one of two posted selections from a larger class research project on the grey wolf. Students worked in groups to research, illustrate, and report on an aspect of the appearance, habitat, or habits of the animal, then combined their work to create the final product.

Also see Selection 2 (Sample C2-4b), “All About the Grey Wolf: Howl in the Night.”

STANDARDS-BASED COMMENTARY

The student writing sample that follows includes standards-based commentary. The commentary found in this column describes how the writing meets the standards in the Massachusetts Curriculum Framework for English Language Arts and Literacy (2011) and other content frameworks when applicable.

Understanding the Standards-Based Commentary

1. Grade-specific standards addressed are:
   • Listed in the column to the right of student work by strand, grade, and number (or number and letter, where applicable)
   • Marked by a colored block with a letter code, also in the column to the right of student work

   EXAMPLE:
   
   2. Colored arrow blocks beneath each standard in the right column:
   • Are of the same color and letter code as the block that marks the standard being addressed
   • Mark standards-based commentary related to the standard being addressed
   • Appear in alphabetical order

   EXAMPLE:

   3. Corresponding colored arrow blocks within the text:
   • Set off sections of student work to which commentary applies
   • Do not necessarily appear in alphabetical order—but where evidence of a particular standard exists

   EXAMPLE: (begin) [A1 section A1] (end)
Highlights:
This sample of student work exceeds grade level standards. It demonstrates the following attributes of effective writing.
The sample:
• Includes an effective introduction and a concluding statement
• Has a clear and logical structure
• Integrates information from research sources in a coherent manner
• Develops broad topics with pertinent facts and examples
• Defines important terms
• Uses an effective variety of sentence types
• Demonstrates strong command of the conventions of standard English

Instructional Practices:
Unknown

Assignment Description:
The teacher divided the class into cooperative groups. Each group researched, illustrated, and reported on an aspect of the appearance, habitat, or habits of the grey wolf. The work of each group became part of the final shared research project, *All About The Grey Wolf*. The sample included here is a single section of the class report.

Intended Audience:
Teacher, classmates, parents

Time:
Unknown

Writing Process:
Unknown

Materials:
Unknown

Please note:
The samples may contain inaccuracies in wording and content or shortcomings in the use of standard English conventions.

END OF BACKGROUND
In this sample...

The writers collectively provide a strong example of informational writing that develops a topic with relevant details, examples, and definitions. Organization is logical and focus is clear. A variety of sentence structures, careful word choice, and strong command of the conventions of standard English give the information in this sample an authoritative tone.

All About the Grey Wolf: The Pack Family*

(The writers produced illustrations that cannot be reproduced here.)

Our project is about the wolf packs. A wolf pack includes a mother wolf, father wolf and the young pups.

In the pack family, pack members work together.

Pack members take care of each other. Wolves share their

Writing. Grade 2, Standard 2 AND Reading—Informational Text. Grade 2, Standard 1

W.2.2 AND RI.2.1

W.2.2

Write informative/explanatory texts in which they introduce a topic, use facts and definitions to develop points, and provide a concluding statement or section.

RI.2.1

Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.

The writers introduce the broad topic of the sample and, in the process, define “wolf pack” (Our project is about the wolf packs. A wolf pack includes a mother wolf, father wolf and the young pups.).
The mother can only have as many babies as the pack allows. A wolf pack can have as many as 11 pups at a time. The pups are last in the pack. The two leaders keep the pack together. The alpha wolf is the leader of the pack. The leader of the pack is the largest, strongest male. The leader of the pack is the largest, strongest male. The alpha wolf is the leader of the pack. The leader of the pack is the largest, strongest male.
The alpha eats first. It eats before everyone else. Beta wolves are 2nd in command. They lead all the lower wolves. If a wolf doesn’t do his chores it will get kicked out of the pack. They lead the defense against such enemies as bears or wolves in other packs.

In this project we learned a lot about the wolf pack!

* No bibliographic information was included with this sample.
**STANDARDS-BASED COMMENTARY**

**FRAMEWORK / CONTENT STANDARDS ADDRESSED:**
Massachusetts Curriculum Framework for ELA and Literacy (2011)

**LANGUAGE. Grade 2, Standard 1** AND **LANGUAGE. Grade 2, Standard 3**

**E L.2.1.f** AND **E L.2.3**

**L.2.1.f**
Produce, expand, and rearrange complete simple and compound sentences.

**L.2.3**
Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.

**E Examples: 1**
The writers produce a variety of simple and complex sentences to add variety to the text (Beta wolves are 2nd in command. They lead all the lower wolves. If a wolf doesn’t do his chores it will get kicked out of the pack. They lead the defense against such enemies as bears or wolves in other packs).

**LANGUAGE. Grade 2, Standard 2**

**F L.2.2**
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

**F1 Overall text reference**
The writers demonstrate strong command of the conventions of standard English consistent with edited writing. This sample is almost error free.

**Note: Comment refers to the piece as a whole rather than a specific example within the text.**

**F2 F2 Examples: 1**
The writers correctly use commas in a series (A wolf pack includes a mother wolf, father wolf and the young pups).

**F3 F3 Examples: 1**
The writers correctly use a comma to separate coordinate adjectives (The leader of the pack is the largest, strongest male).