

A quick guide for observing classroom content and practice

In **grade 4**, instructional time should focus on seven core ideas:

ESS

1. Earth's Place in the Universe
2. Earth's Systems
3. Earth and Human Activity

LS

1. From Molecules to Organisms: Structures and Processes

PS

3. Energy
4. Waves and their Applications in Technologies for Information Transfer

ETS

1. Engineering Design

In a **4th grade science** class you should observe students engaged with at least one science concept and practice:

Science and Engineering Practices

- Asking questions and defining problems
- Developing and using models
- Planning and carrying out investigations
- Analyzing and interpreting data
- Using mathematics and computational thinking
- Constructing explanations and designing solutions
- Engaging in argument from evidence
- Obtaining, evaluating, and communicating information

Science Concepts

Earth & Space Science (ESS1, ESS2, ESS3)

- Explaining that erosion and deposition over time result in rock and landscape formations
- Collecting data showing that Earth's matter is broken down and moved
- Interpreting maps to describe patterns of land formations, volcanoes, and earthquakes
- Obtaining information about human use of renewable and nonrenewable energy resources
- Evaluating a design solution to reduce impact of natural disasters

Life Science (LS1)

- Constructing an argument that plants and animals have structures that support key life functions

Physical Science (PS3, PS4)

- Explaining the relationship of an object's speed to its energy
- Observing energy transfer
- Predicting changes in energy when objects collide
- Testing and refining a device that converts motion into electrical, light, or sound energy
- Using a model to show wave patterns
- Describing how the reflection of light allows objects to be seen
- Comparing ways to send information through a coded pattern

Technology/Engineering (ETS1)

- Planning and carrying out tests to a model or prototype
- Evaluating design features when developing a model for a problem
- Recognizing that technology is any modification to fulfill a need or want

NOTES

Comments on the Science and Engineering Practices:

- For a list of specific skills, see the *Science and Engineering Practices Progression Matrix* (www.doe.mass.edu/stem/review.html).
- Practices are skills **students** are expected to learn and do; standards focus on some but not all skills associated with a practice.

STE What to Look For The example below features three Indicators from the [Standards of Effective Practice](#). These Indicators are just a sampling from the full set of Standards and were chosen because they create a sequence: the educator plans a lesson that sets clear and high **expectations**, the educator then delivers high quality **instruction**, and finally the educator uses a variety of **assessments** to see if students understand the material or if re-teaching is necessary. This example highlights teacher and student behaviors aligned to the three Indicators that you can expect to see in a rigorous 4th grade science classroom.

Expectations (Standard II, Indicator E)	Plans and implements lessons that set clear and high expectations and also make knowledge accessible for all students.					
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Instruction (Standard II, Indicator A)	Uses instructional practices that reflect high expectations regarding content and quality of effort and work; engage all students; and are personalized to accommodate diverse learning styles, needs, interests, and levels of readiness.					
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Assessment (Standard I, Indicator B)	Uses a variety of informal and formal methods of assessments to measure student learning, growth, and understanding to develop differentiated and enhanced learning experiences and improve future instruction.					
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