Part I of the Spring 2015 MCAS
Principal’s Administration Manual:
MCAS Test Security Requirements
MCAS Test Security Requirements

The Massachusetts Comprehensive Assessment System (MCAS) tests are designed to elicit students’ work in order to assess their comprehension of the subject being tested. The purpose of the MCAS Test Security Requirements is to protect the validity of MCAS results.  

Section A describes responsibilities of principals and designees (i.e., individuals authorized by the principal to assist in coordinating test administration).  

Section B describes shared responsibilities of all individuals who have access to secure test materials.  

Section C describes responsibilities of test administrators.  

Section D provides instructions for reporting testing irregularities and describes the process the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education (“the Department”) follows for investigation.

Principals and school personnel authorized to have access to secure materials must follow the requirements listed below and may not participate in, direct, assist in, encourage, or fail to report any testing irregularity or act of misconduct.

Principals are responsible for ensuring that all test administrators and school personnel authorized to have access to secure test materials comply with the requirements and instructions contained in this part of the Principal’s Administration Manual (PAM) and in the Test Administrator’s Manuals (TAMs).

Principals in schools that are conducting the MCAS Alternate Assessment (MCAS-Alt) are also responsible for ensuring that educators submitting MCAS-Alt portfolios comply with the requirements and instructions contained in the 2015 Educator’s Manual for MCAS-Alt. Principals must monitor the alternate assessment process to ensure that students’ work is not duplicated, altered, or fabricated in any way that is false or portrays the students’ performance inaccurately.

Please note the following definitions for the purposes of this section and this manual:

- “Secure” refers to a test question, student response, or test that has not been made available to the public by the Department. All test questions, student responses to those test questions, test booklets, and answer booklets are confidential and must be kept secure at all times. Principals must return all secure materials to the testing contractor after testing is completed.

- “Access” refers to handling test materials, but does not include reviewing tests or individual questions. Students may never transport secure test materials.

- “Locked storage area” refers to the central locked area that must be used to store all MCAS test materials at all times when materials are not in use. Principals must restrict access to the locked storage area to only those school personnel authorized by the principal to handle secure materials. For example, custodial or cleaning staff may not enter the locked area where the principal stores secure materials.

Each principal must complete the Principal’s Certification of Proper Test Administration (PCPA) to certify that the school has followed proper MCAS test security requirements and test administration protocols. See Appendix E for the certification statements to which the principal must attest.

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9 Throughout this manual, the terms “test booklet” and “answer booklet” also refer to the combined test & answer booklet used at grade 3. In addition, note that the term “secure test booklets” also refers to Braille test materials, large-print test materials, Kurzweil 3000 CDs, and the grade 10 Mathematics American Sign Language (ASL) DVDs.
A. Responsibilities of the Principal and Designee

1. **Before testing**, review your plans for maintaining test security with your superintendent so that he or she is comfortable with the procedures in the school building.
   - Your superintendent may ask you to use the optional Superintendent’s Assurance of Proper Test Administration form in Appendix E to document your preparations.

2. **Authorize specific personnel to serve as test administrators**, and train them to properly administer MCAS tests. Designate other school personnel as necessary to maintain a secure test administration (e.g., personnel permitted to access secure test materials, personnel to serve as hallway or restroom monitors) and train them in MCAS security requirements.
   - Before the training session, distribute
     - a copy of the appropriate TAM to every test administrator, and
     - a copy of the test security requirements to all school personnel who have access to secure materials (available at www.doe.mass.edu/mcas/admin.html).
   - Document that all test administrators have received TAMs and that school personnel who have access to secure materials have received the test security requirements (see sample form in Appendix E).
   - Train test administrators prior to each administration (i.e., March–April and May–June) during which they will administer any MCAS test. The PAM and TAMs describe the protocols necessary to conduct a proper MCAS test administration.
   - For test administrators who provide accommodations to students with disabilities, provide training in the implementation of accommodations in accordance with Appendix B and Requirements for the Participation of Students with Disabilities in MCAS (available at www.doe.mass.edu/mcas/participation/?section=sped).

3. **Instruct students in MCAS test security requirements** (see Part III).

4. **Develop local policies and procedures to ensure proper test security at all times**.
   - Schedule tests to avoid conflicts with recess or lunch (see pages 20–24 for more information about scheduling test sessions).
   - Ensure that tests are administered on the prescribed days and in the prescribed order.
   - Ensure that test administrators administer tests according to section C on pages 5 and 6.

5. **Keep MCAS test materials in locked central storage when MCAS tests are not being administered**.
   - Account for all secure test materials at the end of each day of testing and keep them in locked storage when not in use.
   - Restrict access to the locked storage area to only those school personnel authorized to have access to secure materials.

6. **Monitor the receipt and return of all test materials**.
   - Inventory materials immediately upon receipt and investigate any discrepancies in counts of materials as described in this manual.
   - Return all materials to the testing contractor according to the prescribed packing instructions and the deadlines in this manual.
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B. Shared Responsibilities of Principals, Test Administrators, and Other School Personnel Authorized to Have Access to Secure Materials

1. Receive training in test security requirements and test administration protocols.
   - First-year principals must participate in one of the Department’s training sessions on MCAS test security and test administration protocols in January/February 2015. All other principals are strongly encouraged to attend.
   - Test administrators, test coordinators, and other school personnel authorized to have access to secure test materials must attend the school training session. Appendix E contains a sample form that principals may use to document participation.

2. Document the location of secure materials at all times.
   - Track secure materials using the sample Test Materials Internal Tracking Form in Appendix E or a similar document (principals keep these forms on file for three years). See pages 36–37 for more information about requirements for internal tracking forms.

3. Ensure the security of the testing environment.
   - Prohibit visitors to the classroom or testing environment (including parents, researchers, reporters, nontesting students, and school personnel not authorized to serve as test administrators), except under emergency conditions.

4. Ensure the security of test questions, test booklets, and other secure materials.
   - Do not leave MCAS materials unattended unless they are locked in secure storage.
   - Do not review the contents of test booklets or answer booklets before, during, or after a test administration (see TAMs for exceptions).
   - Do not discuss or in any way reveal the contents of test booklets or answer booklets before, during, or after test administration (see TAMs for exceptions). Because MCAS test questions are secure and confidential until the Department releases them publicly, test administrators should not discuss or review test questions with students or adults even after testing has been completed.
   - Do not duplicate any portion of test or answer booklets, including but not limited to audiotaping, videotaping, photographing, photocopying, typing, or copying by hand.10
   - Do not remove test materials from the school. For example, do not share test booklets or answer booklets with another school or program housed in your building.11
   - Do not allow any portion of test booklets or answer booklets to be retained, discarded, recycled, removed, or destroyed.12
   - Do not allow students access to secure test questions prior to testing.
   - Do not read or review any student responses.
   - Do not change any student responses.

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10 The only exceptions are for test administrators who must transcribe student responses into answer booklets for students with disabilities receiving certain accommodations or for students who did some or all of their work in damaged, defective, or void booklets.

11 The only exception is for principals who receive prior written permission from the Department to test a student in an alternate setting. Alternate setting requests must be resubmitted to the Department for approval for each test administration, even if approved for a previous administration.

12 The only exception is for test materials that have become contaminated; see page 36 for procedures.
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C. Responsibilities of Test Administrators

1. Receive training from the principal/designee in administering test sessions properly and securely.
   - Review the TAM and all relevant test security requirements before administering test sessions.
   - Attend the training session led by the principal/designee before each test administration (i.e., March–April and May–June). Appendix E contains a sample form that principals may use to document participation in training and receipt of TAMs.
   - Understand and follow the protocols related to administering tests to students with disabilities.

2. Administer all tests according to appropriate protocols.
   - Administer tests during the prescribed testing window, on the prescribed days, and in the prescribed order.
   - Follow the directions and read the scripts in the TAM (and in any subsequent updates provided to principals by the Department) verbatim to students.
   - Remove or cover any classroom displays that provide information related to the content being assessed or to test-taking strategies (see page 26).
   - Provide students with all required test materials as listed in the TAM. Supplemental or reference sheets are not allowed (except as approved by the Department).
   - Prevent the use of prohibited materials (see pages 26–29 for lists of required/permitted and prohibited materials). Note that results will be invalidated for students who use cell phones or other electronic devices during a test session, including after a student turns in his or her test materials, during a break, and during the transition to a test completion area.

3. Focus full attention on the testing environment at all times.
   - Continually monitor the testing process by moving unobtrusively about the room. While monitoring the classroom, a test administrator may view students’ booklets for the sole purpose of confirming that students are working in the correct session. A test administrator may not monitor a student’s placement of responses and may not review booklets to confirm whether a student has marked all his or her responses.
   - Ensure that students are not left unsupervised during testing, including during breaks and transitions to test completion locations.
   - Students must work only on the session being administered. If a test administrator observes a student working in the incorrect session of the answer booklet or reviewing the incorrect session of the answer booklet or test booklet, this is a testing irregularity that must be reported immediately to the principal. The principal must then report the irregularity to the Department.

4. Ensure that students provide answers that are strictly their own and do not participate in any form of cheating.
   - Ensure that students do not consult notes, textbooks, or other teaching materials; do not share test questions with other students; and do not consult other students, school personnel, or anyone else during testing.
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5. Do not give students any assistance or make suggestions for responding to any test question or writing prompt.
   • Test administrators must not coach a student during testing or alter or interfere with a student’s response in any way. Examples of coaching include, but are not limited to,
     o providing answers to a student
     o indicating that a student has answered a question incorrectly or left a question blank
     o defining words or providing synonyms
     o spelling words
     o influencing a student’s responses by offering hints, clues, cues, facial expressions, nods, or changes in voice inflection
     o altering, explaining, simplifying, or paraphrasing any test question, reading passage, writing prompt, or multiple-choice answer option
     o providing any manner of assistance that could impact a student’s answers
     o suggesting that a student write more on a question, check his or her work, or review or reconsider a question
   • At any time during a test session, a test administrator may repeat a portion of the TAM script if necessary for clarification.

6. Do not read, review, or change student responses.

7. Follow proper procedures for students with disabilities.
   • Ensure that students are only provided accommodations that are listed specifically for use during MCAS testing in an approved IEP or a 504 plan.
   • Follow guidelines on proper provision of MCAS accommodations as prescribed in Appendix B and in Requirements for the Participation of Students with Disabilities in MCAS.
   • Test administrators for students who will be provided certain accommodations must sign an MCAS Nondisclosure Agreement prior to their receipt of secure test materials. Principals must keep signed Nondisclosure Agreements in the school files for three years. See Appendix B for more information about which test administrators this requirement applies to, and see Appendix E for the MCAS Nondisclosure Agreement.

D. Testing Irregularities

Testing irregularities are incidents that represent a deviation from prescribed testing procedures. Testing irregularities may include student impropriety, test violations, educator misconduct, or the mishandling of secure test materials.

In order to ensure the security and confidentiality of the MCAS program, the Department may conduct announced and unannounced monitoring visits to schools to observe the procedures followed during test administration. The principal or designee should prepare to meet the observers upon their arrival and also be available during the observation to answer any questions. School staff may contact the Department’s Student Assessment Services Unit at 781-338-3625 to verify the identity of Department observers.
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Department observers will confirm that all test security requirements in Part I of the PAM are being met, including the following:

- Materials are stored properly.
- Staff have been trained.
- Test administrators are administering tests appropriately.
- The testing environment is secure.

1. Mandatory Reporting of Irregularities by All Personnel

Principals must contact their superintendent and the Department at 781-338-3625 immediately after an irregularity occurs. Test administrators and other school personnel must contact their principal or superintendent and the Department. If any school or district employee with knowledge of a test irregularity has questions about his or her reporting obligations, the Department can be consulted at 781-338-3625. Failure to report irregularities may result in sanctions.

It is recommended that parents/guardians be informed when a student-specific irregularity is reported to the Department.

When reporting an irregularity to the Department, the following information should be provided:

- a description of the alleged incident and the date it occurred
- the name of the school involved, along with the district and school code
- the name(s) of the individual(s) engaged in the inappropriate practices
- the specific test(s) and specific session(s) affected
- in student-specific reports: the student’s name, date of birth, grade, and State-Assigned Student Identifier (SASID)

On occasion, individuals contact the Department anonymously to allege that testing irregularities have taken place. These allegations are investigated if sufficient information is provided.

2. Investigations into Irregularities

In response to a report of a serious irregularity, the Department may contact the school principal or district superintendent, ask that he or she conduct a local fact-finding investigation into the alleged irregularity, and require that he or she report back to the Department in writing, within an established time frame, regarding the results of the investigation. Prior to making a final determination, the Department will review the report and will request, if necessary, additional information or documentation. The Department may also perform its own independent investigation. Once the Department has determined whether an irregularity took place, the Department will notify the school and district about any potential consequences, such as the invalidation of results, which may follow from this determination.

3. Investigations Based on Statewide Data Analysis

As part of its duty to ensure the validity of MCAS data and the integrity of the assessment system, the Department performs statewide data analysis on all schools’ and districts’ MCAS test results. Anomalous results are examined more closely and may be investigated. A school’s MCAS test results may be placed temporarily under review until the investigation is concluded.
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4. Consequences

Testing irregularities or misconduct may result in any or all of the following:

- delay in reporting of district, school, or student results
- invalidation of district, school, or student results
- prohibition of school personnel from participating in a future MCAS test administration
- licensure sanctions for licensed educators
- criminal sanctions

Consequences imposed by the Department or law enforcement do not limit a local district’s authority to impose its own sanctions up to and including termination.