OVERVIEW OF 2003 – 2004 COORDINATED PROGRAM REVIEW FINDINGS
in the area of

SPECIAL EDUCATION

Report as of June 28, 2013
Based upon 52 Final Reports which included the program area of SPECIAL EDUCATION
Code:  C= Commended, PI= Requirements Partially Implemented, NI= Requirements Not Implemented

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CRITERION NUMBER</th>
<th>I. ASSESSMENT OF STUDENT PROGRESS</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>I</th>
<th>PI</th>
<th>NI</th>
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Assessments are appropriately selected and interpreted for students referred for evaluation

1. Tests and other evaluation materials are:
   a. validated
   b. administered and interpreted by trained individuals
   c. tailored to assess specific areas of educational need
   d. selected and administered to reflect aptitude and achievement levels
   e. as free as possible from cultural and linguistic bias
   f. provided in the student's native language or other mode of communication where feasible
   g. not the sole criterion for determining an appropriate educational program
   h. not only those designed to provide a single general intelligence quotient
   i. are selected and administered to ensure that when a test is administered to a student with impaired sensory, manual, or speaking skills, the test results accurately reflect the student's aptitude or achievement level or the other factors the test purports to measure
   j. technically sound instruments that may assess the relative contribution of cognitive and behavioral factors, in addition to physical or developmental factors

2. In interpreting evaluation data and making decisions, the district:
   a. uses information from a variety of sources to gather relevant functional and developmental information, including information provided by the parent
   b. ensures that information obtained from these sources is considered
   c. ensures that the placement decision conforms with placement in the least restrictive environment
   d. includes information related to enabling the student to be involved in and progress in the general curriculum

State Regulations
- 28.04
- 28.05

Federal Requirements
- 34 CFR 300.532, 300.535
- 34 CFR 104.35(b)

SE2

Required and optional assessments

1. Required assessments: The following assessments are completed by
appropriately credentialed and trained specialists for each referred student:

a. Assessment(s) in all areas related to the suspected disability(ies) including consideration of any needed assistive technology devices and services and/or instruction in braille.

b. Educational assessment by a representative of the school district, including a history of the student’s educational progress in the general curriculum.

c. Assessment by a teacher(s) with current knowledge regarding the student’s specific abilities in relation to learning standards of the Massachusetts Curriculum Frameworks and the district curriculum, as well as an assessment of the student’s attention skills, participation behaviors, communication skills, memory, and social relations with groups, peers, and adults.

d. For a child being assessed to determine eligibility for services at age three (3), an observation of the child’s interactions in the child’s natural environment or early intervention program is strongly encouraged together with the use of current assessments from early intervention Teams to avoid duplicate testing.

2. Optional assessments: The Administrator of Special Education may recommend or the parent may request one or more of the following:

a. A comprehensive health assessment by a physician that identifies medical problems or constraints that may affect the student’s education. The school nurse may add additional relevant health information from the student’s school health records.

b. A psychological assessment by a certified school psychologist, licensed psychologist, or licensed educational psychologist, including an individual psychological examination.

c. A home assessment that may be conducted by a nurse, psychologist, social worker, guidance or adjustment counselor, or teacher and includes information on pertinent family history and home situation and may include a home visit, with the agreement of the parent.

3. At the re-evaluation of a student, if the Team decides that no additional assessments are needed to determine whether the student continues to be eligible for special education, the school district recommends to the student’s parents the following:

a. that no further assessments are needed and the reasons for this; and

b. the right of such parents to request an assessment.

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**State Regulations**

28.04 (1) and (2)

**Federal Requirements**

334 CFR 00.532; 300.346.(a)(2)(v)

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**Special requirements for determination of specific learning disabilities**

When the district proposes to evaluate a child suspected of having a specific learning disability, the following requirements are implemented:

**Team membership:** The district ensures the Team includes at a minimum the parent, the child’s regular classroom teacher appropriate to the age of the child and at least one person qualified to conduct individual diagnostic examinations of children.
Criteria for determining the existence of a specific learning disability:
1. the achievement is determined not to be commensurate with the age and ability of the child;
2. a severe discrepancy exists in one or more areas between achievement and intellectual ability in oral expression, listening comprehension, written expression, basic reading skill and reading comprehension, mathematics calculation and reasoning;
3. the severe discrepancy between ability and achievement is not resulting from visual, hearing or motor impairment, mental retardation, emotional disturbance or environmental, cultural or economic disadvantage.

Required observation of the child:
1. at least one Team member other than the child’s regular teacher observes the child’s academic performance in the regular classroom setting;
2. if the child is less than school age, the observation is conducted in an environment appropriate for a child of that age.

Written documentation of the Team’s determination of eligibility due to the presence of a specific learning disability includes the following:
1. statement whether the child has a specific learning disability;
2. the basis for making the determination;
3. the relevant behavior noted during the observation of the child;
4. the relationship of that behavior to the child’s academic functioning;
5. the educationally relevant medical findings, if any;
6. statement whether there is a severe discrepancy between achievement and ability that is not correctable without special education and/or related services; and
7. the determination of the Team concerning the effects of environmental, cultural, or economic disadvantage.

Required written certification of Team members:
Each Team member certifies in writing whether the report reflects his or her conclusion. If not, the Team member submits a separate statement presenting his or her conclusions.

State Regulations Federal Requirements
34 CFR 300.540-543

SE4 Reports of assessment results
1. Each person conducting an assessment shall summarize in writing the procedures employed, the results, and the diagnostic impression, and shall define in detail and in educationally relevant and common terms, the student’s needs, offering explicit means of meeting them. Assessors may recommend appropriate types of placements, but shall not recommend specific classrooms or schools.
2. Summaries of assessments are completed prior to discussion by the Team and, upon request, are made available to the parent at least two days in advance of the Team discussion.

State Regulations Federal Requirements
28.04(2)(c) 34 CFR 300.532

SE5 Participation in general State and district-wide assessment programs
1. All students with disabilities whose placements are funded by the district are included in the Massachusetts Comprehensive Assessment System (MCAS) and other district-wide assessment programs.
2. The district’s IEP Teams designate how each student will participate and, if necessary, provide an alternate assessment.
### SE6 Determination of transition services

1. For a student who is 14 years of age, the Team considers the student’s course of study in relation to the student’s future goals and document this in the IEP.

2. For a student who is 16 years of age, or younger if appropriate, the Team includes in the IEP services that promote movement of the student from school to post-school activities, including post-secondary education, vocational training, integrated employment (including supported employment), continuing and adult education, adult services, independent living, or community participation.

3. The transition services are based upon the student's needs, taking into account the student's preferences and interests and includes specially designed instruction, community experiences, the development of employment or other post-school adult living objectives, and, if appropriate, the acquisition of daily living skills and functional vocational evaluation.

4. For any student approaching graduation or the age of twenty-two, the Team determines whether the student is likely to require continuing services from adult human service agencies. In such circumstances, the Administrator of Special Education makes a referral to the Bureau of Transitional Planning in the Executive Office of Health and Human Services in accordance with the requirements of M.G.L. c.71B, §12A-§12C (known as Chapter 688).

5. In cases where the IEP included needed transition services and a participating agency other than the school district fails to provide these services, the Team reconvenes to identify alternative strategies to meet the transition objectives.

6. The district ensures that students age 14, or younger if appropriate, are invited to and encouraged to attend part or all of Team meetings at which transition services are discussed or proposed.

### State Requirements

- M.G.L. Ch.71B, Sections 12A-C
- 603 CMR 28.05(4)(c)

### Federal Requirements

- 34 CFR 300.344(b), 300.347

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### SE7 Transfer of parental rights at age of majority and student participation and consent at the age of majority

1. One year prior to the student reaching age eighteen, the district informs the student of his or her right at age 18 to make all decisions in relation to special education programs and services.

2. Upon reaching the age of eighteen, the school district implements procedures to obtain consent from the student to continue the student’s special education program.

3. The district continues to send the parent written notices and information but the parent will no longer have decision-making authority, except as provided below.

   (a) If the parent has sought and received guardianship from a court of competent jurisdiction, then the parent retains full decision-making authority. The parent does not have authority to override any decision or lack of decision made by the student who has reached the age of majority unless the parent has sought or received guardianship or other legal authority from a court of
The student, upon reaching the age of majority and in the absence of any court actions to the contrary, may choose to share decision-making with his or her parent (or other willing adult), including allowing the parent to co-sign the IEP. Such choice is made in the presence of the Team and is documented in written form. The student’s choice prevails at any time that a disagreement occurs between the adult student and the parent or other adult with whom the student has shared decision-making.

The student, upon reaching the age of majority and in the absence of any court actions to the contrary, may choose to delegate continued decision-making to his or her parent, or other willing adult. Such choice is made in the presence of at least one representative of the school district and one other witness and is documented in written form and maintained in the student record.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State Requirements</th>
<th>Federal Requirements</th>
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<tr>
<td>603 CMR 28.07(5)</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.347(c), 300.517</td>
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**Evaluation Team composition**

The following persons are members of the evaluation Team:

1. The child’s parents
2. A representative of the school district who acts as Chairperson and who is (1) qualified to supervise or provide special education; (2) is knowledgeable about the general curriculum; and (3) is knowledgeable about the availability of resources of the district.
3. A representative of the school district who has the authority to commit the resources of the district (and who may act as the Chairperson)
4. A teacher who has recently had or currently has the student in a classroom or other teaching situation. If the student is involved or may be involved in a regular education program, a regular education teacher must be included as a Team member.
5. The student, age fourteen and older, if he/she chooses
6. Other individuals at the request of the student's parents
7. At least one teacher or specialist trained in the area of the student's suspected special needs
8. Individuals who are qualified to interpret the instructional implications of evaluation results
9. Other individuals who may be necessary to write an IEP for the child, as determined by the Administrator of Special Education
10. When one purpose of the Team meeting is to discuss transition services, the student age sixteen or older (or younger, if appropriate) is a part of Team process. If the student does not attend the Team meeting, the school district ensures that the Team is informed of the student's interests and preferences.
11. When one purpose of the Team meeting is to discuss transition services, a representative of any public agency who may be responsible for providing or paying for transition services is invited to the Team meeting. If the representative(s) does not attend the meeting, the school district takes other steps to obtain the participation of these agencies.
12. When one purpose of the Team meeting is to discuss vocational education needs, a person knowledgeable about vocational education placement options is present at the meeting.

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<tr>
<td>28.02(22)</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.344; 300.552</td>
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Eligibility determination: Timelines for evaluation, provision of IEP and/or identification of other needed instructional programs

1. Within forty-five school working days after receipt of the parent's written consent to an initial evaluation, unscheduled evaluation, or re-evaluation, the school district:
   a. provides an evaluation
   b. convenes a Team meeting
   c. determines whether the student has one or more disabilities
   d. determines if the student is making effective progress in school
   e. determines if any lack of progress is a result of the student’s disability
   f. determines if the student requires special education and/or related services and/or accommodations in order to make effective progress or that the student requires related services in order to access the general curriculum
   g. develops an IEP and proposed placement where the student is found to need special education
   h. provides the parent with the proposed IEP and placement, or a written explanation of the finding of no eligibility
   i. determines that a student is ineligible to receive special education and/or the student's lack of progress is due to a lack of instruction in reading or math or limited English proficiency or social maladjustment, the student is referred to a more appropriate instructional program or support service
   j. determines at the time of re-evaluation if the student would continue to make progress in school without the provision of special education services and/or related services.

2. If a Team determines that a student is not eligible for special education but may be eligible for accommodation(s) for disability(ies) under Section 504, the student is referred for consideration by the district for eligibility under that regular education program.

3. When the development of a student’s IEP does not indicate a need for direct services, the Team makes a finding of no eligibility and appropriate services are provided through the district’s general education program.

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<tr>
<td>28.05(1) and (2)</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.534</td>
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End of school year evaluations
If consent is received within thirty (30) to forty-five (45) school working days before the end of the school year, the school district ensures that a Team meeting is scheduled so as to allow for the provision of a proposed IEP or written notice of the finding that the student is not eligible no later than fourteen (14) days after the end of the school year.

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<th>State Regulations</th>
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<tr>
<td>28.05(1)</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.342</td>
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School district response to parental request for independent educational evaluation
If a parent disagrees with an initial evaluation or re-evaluation completed by the
school district, and the parent requests an independent educational evaluation, the
district implements the following requirements:

1. All independent educational evaluations funded by the district are conducted by
qualified persons who are registered, certified, licensed or otherwise
approved and who abide by the rates set by the state agency responsible for
setting such rates. Unique circumstances of the child are justified when an
individual assessment rate is higher than that normally allowed.

2. The school district has procedures to offer parents the option of participating in
an income eligibility program for free or reduced cost independent
educational evaluations that are equivalent to the types of assessments done
by the school district.

3. The district extends the right to a publicly funded independent educational
evaluation (only if cost shared or funded for state wards or for students
receiving free or reduced cost lunch) for sixteen (16) months from the date of
the evaluation with which the parent disagrees.

4. If the parent is requesting an evaluation in an area not assessed by the school
district, or if the student does not meet or the parent does not choose to share
the financial documentation regarding the income eligibility standards for
free or reduced cost independent educational evaluation, then the school
district responds in accordance with the requirements of federal law by
paying for the independent educational evaluation or, within five school days,
proceeding to Special Education Appeals to show that its evaluation was
comprehensive and appropriate. Where the Department’s Special Education
Appeals finds that the school district’s evaluation was comprehensive and
appropriate, the school district does not pay for the independent educational
evaluation requested by the parent.

5. Whenever possible, the independent educational evaluation is completed and a
written report sent no later than thirty (30) days after the date the parent
requests the independent educational evaluation. If publicly funded, the report
is sent to the parents and to the school district. The independent evaluator’s
report summarizes, in writing, procedures, assessments, results, and diagnostic
impressions as well as educationally relevant recommendations for meeting
identified needs of the student. The independent evaluator recommends
appropriate types of placements but does not recommend specific classrooms
or schools.

6. Within ten (10) school days from the time the school district receives the report
of the independent educational evaluation, the Team reconvenes and
considers the independent educational evaluation (which may be publicly or
privately funded) and whether a new or amended IEP is appropriate.

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<tr>
<td>28.04(5)</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.502(a)(3)(i)</td>
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SE12

**Frequency of re-evaluation**

1. Every three years, or sooner if necessary, the school district, with parental
consent, conducts a full three-year re-evaluation consistent with the requirements
of federal law.

2. The district implements re-evaluation procedures in all cases where it is
suspected that a student is no longer eligible for special education.

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<th>State Regulations</th>
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<tr>
<td>28.04(3)</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.536</td>
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SE13

**Progress Reports and content**

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1. Parents receive reports on the student's progress toward reaching the goals set in the IEP at least as often as parents are informed of the progress of non-disabled students.

2. Progress report information sent to parents includes written information on the student’s progress toward the annual goals in the IEP, including information on the extent to which such progress is sufficient to enable the child to achieve the goals by the end of the year.

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<td>28.07(3)</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.347</td>
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**SE14**

**Annual review Team meeting**

At least annually, on or before the anniversary date of the implementation of the IEP, a Team meeting (including the major service providers and the parent) is held to consider the student’s progress and to review, revise, or develop a new IEP or refer the student for a re-evaluation, as appropriate.

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<tr>
<td>28.04(3)</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.343(c)</td>
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**II. STUDENT IDENTIFICATION AND PROGRAM PLACEMENT**

**SE15**

**Outreach by the School District (Child Find)**

The district has annual or more frequent outreach and continuous liaison with those groups below from which promotion or transfer of students in need of special education may be expected, or which would include students in need of special education:

1. professionals in community
2. private nursery schools
3. day care facilities
4. group homes
5. parent organizations
6. clinical /health care agencies
7. early intervention programs
8. other public/private/parochial schools
9. other agencies/organizations
10. the school itself, including charter schools
11. agencies serving migrant and/or homeless persons pursuant to the McKinney-Vento Education Act for Homeless Children

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<th>State Regulations</th>
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<td>34 CFR 300.125; 300.312</td>
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**SE16**

**Screening**

1. The school district conducts screening for three and four year olds and for all children who are of age to enter kindergarten. Such screening is designed to review a child’s development and to assist in identification of those children who should be referred for an evaluation to determine eligibility for special education services.

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2. Participation in the screening program for three and four year olds is optional on the part of the parents.

3. Provision is made for ongoing and periodic screening of all students as required by the Department of Public Health (vision, hearing, and posture).

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<th>State Regulations</th>
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<tr>
<td>28.03(1)(d)</td>
<td>Chapter 71, Section 57</td>
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**Initiation of services at age three and Early Intervention transition procedures**

1. The school district encourages referrals from the Department of Public Health, other agencies, and individuals for young children when or before the child turns two-and-one-half years old in order to ensure continuity of services and to ensure the development and implementation of an IEP for eligible children by the date of the child's third birthday in accordance with federal requirements.

2. The district implements procedures to ensure the effective transition of young children with disabilities from Early Intervention Programs through participation in transition planning conferences arranged by such programs.

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<td>28.06(7)(b)</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.24(b)(3); 300.121(c); 300.132; 300.342(c)</td>
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**IEP development and content**

1. Upon determining that the student is eligible for special education, the Team, including the parent(s), develops an IEP at the Team meeting using the evaluation data to guide development of measurable, annual goals and objectives/benchmarks for the student. If the district chooses to draft any element(s) of the IEP for discussion, the Team Chairperson ensures that those elements are genuinely considered prior to adoption at the Team meeting. All ideas and needs of the child as expressed by all Team members, especially the parents, are genuinely considered by the district prior to proposing the IEP.

2. The IEP includes specially designed instruction to meet the needs of the individual student and related services that are necessary to allow the student to benefit from the specially designed instruction, or consists solely of related services that are necessary to allow the student to access the general curriculum, consistent with federal and state requirements.

3. In developing the IEP, the Team proposes specially designed instruction and related services according to the needs of the child and not according to the availability of such instruction or related services.

4. The IEP is completed addressing all elements of the most current IEP format provided by the Department of Education. Where applicable, the district includes in the IEP, or other notice to the parent, information regarding the implementation of any necessary restraint procedures for students as required under 603 CMR 46.00.

5. If the Team members are unable to agree on the IEP, the Team chairperson states the elements of the IEP proposed by the school district.

6. The school district ensures that each IEP Team has at least one person with authority to commit the resources of the district and that whatever services are set out in the IEP will actually be provided and that the IEP will not be changed at a higher administrative level within the district.
### SE18B

**Determination of placement; provision of IEP to parent**

1. At the Team meeting, after the IEP has been fully developed, the Team determines the appropriate placement to deliver the services on the student’s IEP.
2. Unless the student’s IEP requires some other arrangement, the student is educated in the school that he or she would attend if the student did not require special education.
3. The decision regarding placement is based on the IEP, including the types of related services that are to be provided to the child, the type of settings in which those services are to be provided, the types of service providers, and the location at which the services are to be provided.
4. The placement selected by the Team is the least restrictive environment consistent with the needs of the student.
5. Immediately following the development of the IEP, and within 45 school working days after receipt of the parent’s written consent to an initial evaluation or reevaluation, the district provides the parent with two (2) copies of the proposed IEP and proposed placement along with the required notice, except that the proposal of placement may be delayed according to the provisions of 603 CMR 28.06(2)(e) in a limited number of cases.

### SE19

**Extended evaluation**

If the Team finds a student eligible for special education and finds the evaluation information insufficient to develop a full or partial IEP, the Team, with the parents’ consent, agrees to an extended evaluation period.

1. The extended evaluation period is not used to deny programs or services determined to be necessary by the Team. If, prior to the extended evaluation, the Team determines that sufficient information is available to determine, in part, necessary annual goals and services, the Team writes a partial IEP that, if accepted by the parent, is immediately implemented by the district while the extended evaluation is occurring.
2. The extended evaluation period is not used to allow additional time to complete the required assessments.
3. If the parent consents to an extended evaluation, the Team documents their findings and determines what evaluation time period is necessary and the types of information needed to develop an IEP. The Team may decide to meet at intervals during the extended evaluation, but in all cases reconvenes promptly to develop an IEP when the evaluation is complete.
4. The extended evaluation may extend longer than one week, but does not exceed eight school weeks.
5. The extended evaluation is not considered a placement.

### SE20

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<tr>
<th>State Regulations</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>28.05(2)(b)</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.340-300.350;</td>
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<tr>
<td>300.343(a)</td>
<td>34 CFR Part 300, Appendix A, #22.</td>
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<tr>
<td>28.05(6) and (7)</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.346</td>
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<tr>
<td>28.06(2)</td>
<td>34 CFR Part 300, Appendix A, #22.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Least restrictive program selected</td>
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<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
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<tr>
<td>1. The program selected is the least restrictive environment for students, with consideration given</td>
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<td>to any potential harmful effect on the student or on the quality of services that he or she needs.</td>
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<td>2. If the student is removed from the general education classroom at any time, the Team states why</td>
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<td>the removal is considered critical to the student’s program and the basis for its conclusion that</td>
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<td>education of the student in a less restrictive environment, with the use of supplementary aids and</td>
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<td>services, could not be achieved satisfactorily.</td>
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<td>3. The district does not remove an eligible child from the general education classroom solely</td>
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<td>because of needed modification in the curriculum.</td>
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<td>4. If a student’s IEP necessitates special education services in a day or residential facility or</td>
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<td>an out-of-district educational collaborative program, the IEP Team considers whether the student</td>
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<td>requires special education services and support to promote the student’s transition to placement</td>
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<td>in a less restrictive program.</td>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>28.06(2)(a); Chapter 71B, section 3</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.130; 300.550-300.556</td>
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<th>School day and school year requirements</th>
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<td>1. The school district ensures that every eligible elementary level student is scheduled to receive a minimum of 900 hours per school year of structured learning time and every secondary school student is scheduled to receive a minimum of 990 hours per school year of structured learning time unless otherwise provided for below.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. The Team routinely considers the need for an educational program that is less than or more than the regular school day or school year, including extended day, or year, and/or residential services and indicates on the IEP why the shorter or longer program is necessary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. The daily duration of the child’s program is equal to that of the regular school day unless the Team states that a different duration is necessary to provide a free appropriate public education to the child. In such case the daily duration of the program shall be specified by the Team, and Team shall state on the IEP the reason for such different duration.</td>
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<td>4. Specialized transportation schedules do not impede a student’s access to a full school day and program of instruction.</td>
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<td>5. An extended day or year program is identified if the student has demonstrated or is likely to demonstrate substantial regression in his or her learning skills and/or substantial difficulty in relearning such skills if an extended program is not provided.</td>
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<tr>
<td>6. If residential services are required, the IEP clearly specifies the reasons for such determination and how such services will be coordinated with the day education services provided to the student. Additionally, the annual goals and services on the student’s IEP reflects the comprehensive nature of the educational program required.</td>
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<tr>
<td>7. Camping or recreation programs provided solely for recreational purposes and with no corresponding IEP goals or specially designed instruction are not to be considered for extended year programs.</td>
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<tr>
<th>State Regulations</th>
<th>Federal Requirements</th>
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<tr>
<td>28.05(4) Chapter 69, Section 1G</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.309(b)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
IEP implementation and availability
1. Where the IEP of the student in need of special education has been accepted in whole or in part by that student's parent, the school district provides the mutually agreed upon services without delay.
2. At the beginning of each school year, the district has an IEP in effect for each eligible student within its jurisdiction.
3. Each teacher and provider described in the IEP is informed of his or her specific responsibilities related to the implementation of the student’s IEP.
4. The school district does not delay implementation of the IEP due to lack of classroom space or personnel, provides as many of the services on the accepted IEP as possible and immediately informs parents in writing of any delayed services, reasons for delay, actions that the school district is taking to address the lack of space or personnel and offers alternative methods to meet the goals on the accepted IEP. Upon agreement of the parents, the school district implements alternative methods immediately until the lack of space or personnel issues are resolved.

State Regulations  
Federal Requirements
28.05(7)(b); 28.06(2)(d)(2)  
34 CFR 300.342

Confidentiality of personally identifiable information
The district protects the confidentiality of any personally identifiable information that is collected, used or maintained in accordance with federal and state law.

State Regulations  
Federal Requirements
603 CMR 23.00 (Student Records Regulations)  
34 CFR 300.560-576; Family Privacy Act
 Educação Rights and (FERPA)

Notice to parent regarding proposal or refusal to initiate or change the identification, evaluation, or educational placement of the child or the provision of FAPE
1. A student may be referred for an evaluation by a parent or any person in a caregiving or professional position concerned with the student's development.
2. When a student is referred for an evaluation to determine eligibility for special education, the school district sends written notice to the child's parent(s) within 5 school days of receipt of the referral.
3. Notice is given by the district within a reasonable time for all other actions.
4. The school district provides the student's parent(s) with an opportunity to consult with the Special Education Administrator or his/her designee to discuss the reasons for the referral and the nature of the proposed evaluation.
5. The district provides parents with an opportunity to consult with the Administrator of Special Education or his/her designee regarding the evaluators to be used and the proposed content of all required and optional assessments.
6. The school district does not limit a parent’s right to refer a student for timely special education evaluation because the district has not fully explored and/or attempted some or all of the available instructional support programs or other...
interventions available in general education that may be described in the district’s Curriculum Accommodation Plan, including any pre-referral program.

7. The school district refuses to conduct an initial evaluation only when the circumstances of a student make clear that there is no suspicion of a disability and that there is no concern about the student’s development.

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<tr>
<th>State Regulations</th>
<th>Federal Requirements</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>28.04(1)</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.503(a)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Parental consent

In accordance with state and federal law, the school district obtains informed parental consent as follows:

1. The school district obtains written parental consent before conducting an initial evaluation or making an initial placement of a student in a special education program. Written parental consent is obtained before conducting a reevaluation and before placing a student in a special education placement subsequent to the initial placement in special education.

2. The school district obtains consent before initiating extended evaluation services.

3. The school district obtains consent to the services proposed on a student’s IEP before providing such services.

4. The school district obtains consent prior to placing a student in an initial special education placement and for any subsequent placement.

5. A parent is informed that consent may be revoked at any time. Except for initial evaluation and initial placement, consent may not be required as condition of any benefit to the child.

6. When the participation or consent of the parent is required and the parent fails or refuses to participate, the attempts to secure the consent of the parent are implemented through multiple attempts using a variety of methods which are documented by the district. Such efforts may include letters, written notices sent by certified mail, electronic mail (e-mail), telephone calls, or, if appropriate, TTY communications to the home, and home visits at such time as the parent is likely to be home. Efforts may include seeking assistance from a community service agency to secure parental participation.

7. If, subsequent to initial evaluation and initial placement and after following the procedures required by the regulations, the school district is unable to obtain parental consent to a reevaluation or to placement in a special education program subsequent to the initial placement, or the parent revokes consent to such reevaluation or placement, the school district considers with the parent whether such action will result in the denial of a free appropriate public education to the child. If, after consideration, the school district determines that the parent’s failure or refusal to consent will result in a denial of a free appropriate public education to the student, it seeks resolution of the dispute through Special Education Appeals.

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<tr>
<th>State Regulations</th>
<th>Federal Requirements</th>
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<tr>
<td>28.07(1)</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.500(b)(1)</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### Parent participation in meetings

1. The district ensures that one or both parents of a child are members of any group that makes decisions on the educational placement of their child.

2. The Administrator of Special Education notifies parent(s) in writing of any Team meeting early enough to ensure that they have an opportunity to attend.
3. The district schedules the meeting at a mutually agreed upon time and place; and documents such efforts.
4. If neither parent can attend, the district uses other methods to ensure parent participation, including individual or conference telephone calls, or video conferencing.
5. In cases where the district, after reasonable efforts, is unable to obtain the parents’ participation in Team meeting discussions and decisions, the district conducts the Team meeting and documents its attempts to facilitate the parents’ participation.

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<th>State Regulations</th>
<th>Federal Requirements</th>
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<tr>
<td>28.02(22)</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.345(d), 300.501</td>
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</table>

**Content of Team meeting notice to parents**

1. The parent notice of an evaluation required by 603 CMR 28.04(1)(a) meets all of the content requirements set forth in M.G.L. c.71B, §3, and in federal law and seeks the consent of the parent for any evaluation to occur, and provides the parent with the opportunity to express any concerns or provide information on the student’s skills or abilities and to consult regarding the evaluators to be used.
2. The parent notice of any Team meeting states the purpose, time and location of the meeting as well as who will be in attendance.

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<th>State Regulations</th>
<th>Federal Requirements</th>
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<tr>
<td>28.04(1)(b)</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.503-504</td>
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</table>

**Parent provided the IEP or notice of no eligibility together with notification of procedural safeguards and parents’ rights**

Immediately following the development of the IEP and without undue delay, the district provides the parents with two copies of the proposed IEP or a written explanation of the finding of no eligibility for special education together with the required notice of procedural safeguards and parents’ rights.

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<th>State Regulations</th>
<th>Federal Requirements</th>
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<tr>
<td>28.05(7)</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.345(f)</td>
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</table>

**Communications are in English and primary language of home**

1. Communications with parents are in simple and commonly understood words and are in both English and the primary language of the home if such primary language is other than English. Any interpreter used in fulfilling these requirements is fluent in the primary language of the home and familiar with special education procedures, programs and services. If the parents or the student are unable to read in any language or are blind or deaf, communications required by these regulations are made orally in English with the use of a foreign language interpreter, in Braille, in sign language, via TTY, or in writing, whichever is appropriate, and that all such communications are documented.
2. If the district provides notices orally or in some other mode of communication that is not written language, the district keeps written documentation (1) that it has provided such notice in an alternate manner, (2) that the content of the notice and (3) the steps taken to ensure that the parent understands the content of the notice.
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<tr>
<th></th>
<th>State Regulations</th>
<th>Federal Requirements</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SE30</td>
<td><strong>Elements of notice of parents’ rights</strong>&lt;br&gt;The district’s notice of parental rights contains all required elements included in the most current version of the Massachusetts Parent’s Rights Brochure.</td>
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<td></td>
<td><strong>State Regulations</strong></td>
<td><strong>Federal Requirements</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>M.G.L. c. 71B, Section 3</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.503-504</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SE31</td>
<td><strong>State and district responsibility for educational surrogate parents</strong>&lt;br&gt;1. When a student is without parental representation and requires an educational surrogate parent to be appointed in accordance with federal law and regulations, upon request of the Department, the district responsible for services to the student assists in identifying a person willing to serve as an educational surrogate parent.&lt;br&gt;2. Upon assignment by the Department, such educational surrogate parent has all the rights and responsibilities of a parent in making decisions regarding eligibility and services for special education for the assigned student. The Department provides notice of appointment to the school district and any state agency with custody of the student.&lt;br&gt;3. A person identified by the district and willing to serve as an educational surrogate parent has no conflict of interest and is not in the employ of the school district or any state or local agencies involved with the care of the student.&lt;br&gt;4. A person identified by the district, appointed by the Department, and serving as an educational surrogate parent does not receive financial remuneration from the district except that the school district reimburses the person for reasonable expenses related to the exercise of his or her responsibilities as an educational surrogate parent for a student enrolled in the district.</td>
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<td></td>
<td><strong>State Regulations</strong></td>
<td><strong>Federal Requirements</strong></td>
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<td></td>
<td>28.07(7)</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.515</td>
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<tr>
<td>SE32</td>
<td><strong>Parent advisory council for special education</strong>&lt;br&gt;1. The school district has established a district-wide parent advisory council on special education.&lt;br&gt;2. Membership on the council is offered to all parents of children with disabilities and other interested parties.&lt;br&gt;3. The parent advisory council duties include but are not limited to: advising the district on matters that pertain to the education and safety of students with disabilities; meeting regularly with school officials to participate in the planning, development, and evaluation of the school district’s special education programs.&lt;br&gt;4. The parent advisory council has established by-laws regarding officers and operational procedures.&lt;br&gt;5. The parent advisory council receives assistance from the school committee without charge, upon reasonable notice, and subject to the availability of staff and resources.&lt;br&gt;6. The school district conducts, in cooperation with the parent advisory council, at least one workshop annually within the district on the rights of students and their</td>
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parents and guardians under the state and federal special education laws and makes written materials explaining such rights available upon request.

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<tr>
<th>CRITERION NUMBER</th>
<th>IV. CURRICULUM AND INSTRUCTION</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>P</th>
<th>PI</th>
<th>NI</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SE33</td>
<td>Involvement in the general curriculum</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1. District personnel reflect a full understanding of the connection between the Massachusetts Curriculum Frameworks and the expectations of the state for student performance as well as the rights of students with disabilities to be full participants in the general curriculum.</td>
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<td>2. The district has either aligned its district curriculum with the Frameworks or has taken steps to provide students (including all students with disabilities) with essential learning opportunities that prepare the students to reach the state graduation standards.</td>
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<td>3. At least one member of all IEP Teams is familiar with the general curriculum and is able to discuss an eligible student’s appropriate access to the general curriculum.</td>
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<td>4. In the IEP the district documents the student’s participation in the general curriculum.</td>
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<td>State Regulations</td>
<td>28.05(4)(a) and (b)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Federal Requirements</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.347(a)(1)(i); 300.137</td>
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<tr>
<td>SE34</td>
<td>Continuum of alternative services and placements</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>15</td>
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<td></td>
<td>The district provides or arranges for the provision of each of the elements of the IEPs of students in need of special education from the ages of three through twenty-one, ensuring that a continuum of services and alternative placements is available to meet the needs of all students with disabilities, and takes all steps necessary to ensure compliance with all elements of the IEPs, including vocational education.</td>
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<tr>
<td>State Regulations</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.551;300.305; 300.123</td>
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<tr>
<td>Federal Requirements</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.308, 34 CFR 300.346</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>SE35</td>
<td>Specialized materials and assistive technology</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1. Specialized materials and equipment specified in IEPs are provided, are of good quality and are suitable for the role they play in the IEP.</td>
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<td>2. The school district provides evidence that assistive technology is considered for each eligible student and, if necessary, described in the IEP and provided by the district.</td>
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<td>State Regulations</td>
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<td>Federal Requirements</td>
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<tr>
<td>SE36</td>
<td></td>
<td>43</td>
<td>9</td>
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# IEP Implementation, Accountability and Financial Responsibility

1. The district ensures that IEPs are implemented without delay upon parent consent.
2. The district oversees in an ongoing manner the full implementation of each in-district and each out-of-district IEP it proposes which has been consented to by a child’s parents.
3. The district makes a good faith effort to assist the child to achieve the goals and objectives or benchmarks listed in the IEP.
4. The district provides all programs and services without expense to the child’s parents.
5. Each time the school district proposes to access the parent’s private insurance to support the costs of IEP implementation, the school district obtains the parent’s consent and informs the parents that their refusal to permit the school district to access their private insurance does not relieve the district of its responsibility to ensure that all required services are provided at no cost to the parents.

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<th>State Regulations</th>
<th>Federal Requirements</th>
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<tr>
<td>28.06(3)</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.142; 300.350</td>
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</table>

# Procedures for Approved and Unapproved Out-of-District Placements

1. **Individual Student Program Oversight**: The school district monitors the provision of services to and the programs of individual students placed in public and private out-of-district programs. Documentation of monitoring plans and all actual monitoring are placed in the files of every eligible student who has been placed out-of-district. To the extent that this monitoring requires site visits, such site visits are documented and placed in the students’ files for review. The duty to monitor out-of-district placements is not delegated to parents or their agents, to the Department of Education, or to the out-of-district placement.
2. **Student Right to Full Procedural Protections**: The school district retains full responsibility for ensuring that the student is receiving all special education and related services in the student’s IEP, as well as all procedural protections of law and regulation. Any Team meetings conducted during the time that a student is enrolled in the out-of-district program are initiated by the school district in coordination with the out-of-district placement.
3. **Preference to Approved Programs**: The school district, in all circumstances, first seeks to place a student in a program approved by the Department pursuant to the requirements of 603 CMR 28.09. Preference is also given to approved programs located within the Commonwealth of Massachusetts if the choice of such program is consistent with the needs of the student and the choice of such program complies with LRE requirements. When an approved program is available to provide the services on the IEP, the district makes such placement in the approved program in preference to any program not approved by the Department.
4. **Written Contracts**: The school district enters into written contracts with all public and private out-of-district placements. At a minimum, such contracts meet the content requirements of 28.06(3)(f)(1-5).
5. **Use of Unapproved Programs**: A school district that places a student in a program that has not been approved by the Department according to the requirements under 603 CMR 28.09 ensures that such programs and services are provided in appropriate settings by appropriately credentialed staff able to deliver the services on the student’s IEP. Students placed by the school district in such programs are entitled to the full protections of state and federal special education law and regulation.
6. **Placement documentation:** The following documentation is maintained by the school district pursuant to its placement of children in unapproved out-of-district programs:

   a. **Search:** The Administrator of Special Education documents the search for and unavailability of a program approved by the Department. The Administrator places such documentation in the student record.

   b. **Evaluation of facility:** The Administrator of Special Education or his/her designee thoroughly evaluates the appropriateness of any unapproved facility prior to placement of the student in such program. Such evaluation determines whether the unapproved facility can appropriately implement the student’s IEP in a safe and educationally appropriate environment. Such evaluation additionally determines whether the unapproved facility can and will provide the student with all the rights that are accorded to the student under state and federal special education law. Such evaluation is documented in detail and placed in the student record for review. To the extent that this evaluation requires a site visit, such site visits are documented and placed in the student record for review. The duty to evaluate the appropriateness of any unapproved facility is not delegated to the parents or their agents or the proposed unapproved facility.

   c. **School district approval to operate a private school in Massachusetts:** If services in an unapproved program are provided in a school setting, the Administrator of Special Education ensures that such school has received approval from the local school committee under M.G.L. c.76, §1 and a copy of such approval is retained in the student record.

   d. **Pricing:** Pursuant to the requirements for Compliance, Reporting and Auditing for Human and Social Services at 808 CMR 1.00, the Administrator obtains pricing forms required to set program prices for programs receiving publicly funded students. Such pricing forms are completed by the proposed placement and document that the price proposed for the student’s tuition is the lowest price charged for similar services to any student in that program.

   e. **Notification of the Department of Education:** Prior to placement, if the Team determines that placement in such facility is appropriate, the Administrator notifies the Department of the intent to place the student and the name and location of the proposed placement. In addition, the Administrator forwards the notice of proposed placement and completed pricing forms to the Department along with the information on the proposed terms of the contract that will govern such placement and documentation of a monitoring plan pursuant to 603 CMR 28.06(3)(b). The district maintains any documentation of the Department’s objections to such placement and the steps the district has taken in regard to such objection. The district maintains documentation of the approved price for publicly funded students as set by the state agency responsible for setting program prices.

   f. **Out of state programs:** If out-of-district programs are provided in a placement outside of Massachusetts, and such school has not received approval by the Department under 603 CMR 28.09, the Administrator of Special Education ensures that such school has received approval from the host state.

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<th>State Regulations</th>
<th>Federal Requirements</th>
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<tr>
<td>28.02(14), 28.06(3)</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.2(c)</td>
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</table>
**Educational services in institutional settings (ESIS)**

**Department of Education responsibility:** In cases where the Department provides certain special education services to eligible students in certain facilities operated by or under contract with the Department of Mental Health, the Department of Youth Services, County Houses of Corrections, or the Department of Public Health, the Department retains the discretion to determine, based upon resources, the type and amount of special education and related services that it provides in such facilities.

**School district responsibility:**

1. The district implements its responsibilities to students in institutional settings by acting on requests for evaluation, issuing proposed IEPs in a timely manner, and providing special education and/or related services in accordance with state and federal law.
2. Where a student's IEP requires a type or amount of service that the facility does not provide, it remains the responsibility of the parent’s school district to implement the student's IEP by arranging and paying for the provision of such service(s).
3. The parent’s school district coordinates with the state agency to ensure that the student receives an evaluation, an annual review, and special education services as identified at a Team meeting convened by the parent’s school district.

**State Regulations**

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<tr>
<th>28.06(9)</th>
<th>Federal Requirements</th>
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**Procedures used to provide services to eligible students enrolled in private schools at private expense**

1. On or before December 1, the district determines the number of eligible private school students in consultation with private school representatives.
2. To the extent that the school district provides and pays for special education services for eligible students enrolled in private schools at private expense, the following requirements and procedures are implemented:
   a. The district provides special education and/or related services designed to meet the needs of eligible children who are attending private schools at private expense and whose parents reside in the jurisdiction of the school district. The school district provides to such children genuine opportunities to participate in the public school special education program consistent with state constitutional limitations.
   b. The district provides or arranges for the provision of evaluation services and an IEP for any eligible private school child whose parent resides in the jurisdiction of the school district. The evaluation may take place in the public school, the private school, or an appropriate contracted facility, and the school district ensures that a representative of the child’s private school is invited to participate as a member of the Team pursuant to §28.05.
   c. The district provides or arranges for the provision of the special education and/or related services described by the child’s IEP and the district ensures that special education services funded with state or local funds are provided in a public school facility or other public or neutral site. When services are provided using only federal funds, services are provided on public or private school grounds.
   d. The district does not withdraw or withhold services from a child solely because the school district has met the spending requirements of federal law.
3. Special education services and/or related services provided by the district to a private school child are comparable in quality, scope, and opportunity for
participation to that provided to public school children with needs of equal importance.

4. The district ensures that programs in which both public and private school children participate do not include classes that are separated on the basis of school enrollment or the religious affiliation of the children.

5. An expedited special education evaluation, which is limited to a child’s physician statement unless there is a clear indication of the need or unless the parents request additional evaluation, is conducted and service provided to eligible students by the district within 15 calendar days of the school district’s receipt of the child’s physician statement.

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<th>State Regulations</th>
<th>Federal Requirements</th>
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<tr>
<td>28.03(1)(e); Chapter 71B, section 2</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.450-300.462</td>
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### Instructional grouping requirements for students aged five and older

1. The size and composition of instructional groupings for eligible students receiving services outside the general education classroom are compatible with the methods and goals stated in each student’s IEP.

2. Instructional grouping size requirements are maximum sizes and the school district exercises judgment in determining appropriate group size and supports for smaller instructional groups serving students with complex special needs.

3. When eligible students are assigned to instructional groupings outside of the general education classroom for 60% or less of the students’ school schedule, group size does not exceed eight (8) students with a certified special educator, twelve (12) students if the certified special educator is assisted by one aide, and sixteen (16) students if the certified special educator is assisted by two aides.

4. For eligible students served in settings that are substantially separate, serving solely students with disabilities for more than 60% of the students’ school schedule, the district provides instructional groupings that do not exceed eight (8) students to one certified special educator or twelve (12) students to a certified special educator and an aide.

5. After the school year has begun, if instructional groups have reached maximum size as delineated in paragraphs 3 and 4 of this criterion, the Administrator of Special Education and the certified special educator(s) providing services in an instructional group may decide to increase the size of an instructional grouping by no more than two additional students if the additional students have compatible instructional needs and then can receive services in their neighborhood school.

6. In such cases, the Administrator provides written notification to the Department and the parents of all group members of the decision to increase the instructional group size and the reasons for such decision. Such increased instructional group sizes are in effect only for the year in which they are initiated.

7. The district takes all steps necessary to reduce the instructional groups to the sizes outlined in paragraph 3 or 4 of this criterion for subsequent years. Such steps are documented by the district.

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<th>State Regulations</th>
<th>Federal Requirements</th>
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<tr>
<td>28.06(6)</td>
<td>42 10</td>
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</table>
### SE41

**Age span requirements**
The ages of the youngest and oldest child in any instructional grouping do not differ by more than forty-eight months. A written request for approval of a wider age range is submitted to the Commissioner of Education in cases where the district believes it is justified. Such requests are implemented only after approval of the Department of Education.

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<tr>
<th>State Regulations</th>
<th>Federal Requirements</th>
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<td>28.06(6)(f)</td>
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</table>

### SE42

**Programs for young children three and four years of age**

**General requirements:**

1. The school district ensures programs are available for eligible children three and four years of age. Such programs shall be developmentally appropriate and specially designed for children ages three and four years.

2. Where at all possible the school district accepts referrals from the Department of Public Health, other agencies, and individuals for young children when or before the child turns two-and-one-half years old in order to ensure continuity of services and to ensure the development and implementation of an IEP for eligible children by the date of the child's third birthday in accordance with federal requirements.

3. Where appropriate, the school district elects, consistent with federal requirements to use the format and services of the Individualized Family Service Plan (IFSP), if appropriate, for an additional year as a means of transitioning eligible children to public school services.

4. Where appropriate the Team allows a child to remain in a program designed for three and four year old children for the duration of the school year in which the child turns five years old (including the summer following the date of the child's fifth birthday).

**Types of Settings:**

5. Inclusionary programs for young children are located in a setting that includes children with and without disabilities and meet the following standards:
   a. Services in such programs are provided in the home, the public school, Head Start, or a licensed childcare setting.
   b. For public school programs that integrate children with and without disabilities, the class size does not exceed twenty (20) with one teacher and one aide and no more than five (5) students with disabilities. If the number of students with disabilities is six (6) or seven (7) then the class size does not exceed fifteen (15) students with one teacher and one aide.

6. Substantially separate programs for young children are located in a public school classroom or facility that serves primarily or solely children with disabilities. Substantially separate programs adhere to the following standards:
   a. Substantially separate programs are programs in which more than 50% of the children have disabilities.
   b. Substantially separate programs operated by the district limit class sizes to nine (9) students with one teacher and one aide.
### Behavioral interventions
For a student whose behavior impedes their learning or the learning of others, the Team considers the student’s behavior including positive behavioral interventions, ability to follow school discipline codes, any needed code modifications and the possible need for a functional behavioral assessment.

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<th>State Regulations</th>
<th>Federal Requirements</th>
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<tr>
<td>34 CFR 300.346</td>
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### Procedure for recording suspensions
The district has a procedure to record the number and duration of suspensions, including any suspensions from any part of the student’s IEP program (including transportation).

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<th>State Regulations</th>
<th>Federal Requirements</th>
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<tr>
<td>34 CFR 300.121(d)(2)</td>
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### Procedures for suspension up to 10 days and after 10 days: General requirements
1. All students, including eligible students with disabilities, receive prior written notice regarding the school’s Code of Conduct.
2. The school’s Code of Conduct includes required procedural safeguards such as opportunity for a hearing (per Goss v. Lopez).
3. Any eligible student may be suspended up to 10 days in any school year without implementation of procedures described in criterion SE 46 below.
4. After a student with special needs has been suspended for 10 days in any school year, during any subsequent removal the public school provides sufficient services for the student to continue to receive a free and appropriate public education.
5. The school provides additional procedural safeguards for students with disabilities prior to any suspension beyond 10 consecutive days or more than 10 cumulative days (if there is a pattern of suspension) in any school year.

(See related requirements under the Civil Rights portion of the Coordinated Program Review Procedures — Criterion MOA 17.)

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<tr>
<th>State Requirements</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M.G.L. Ch. 76, Sections 16-18 and Ch. 71, Section 37 H</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.519-300.529</td>
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</table>

### Procedures for suspension of students with disabilities when suspensions exceed 10 consecutive school days or a pattern has developed for suspensions exceeding 10 cumulative days; responsibilities of the Team; responsibilities of the district
1. A suspension of longer than 10 consecutive days or a series of suspensions that are shorter than 10 consecutive days but constitute a pattern are considered to represent a change in placement.

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<th>State Requirements</th>
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<td>34 CFR 300.519-300.529</td>
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2. Prior to a suspension that constitutes a change in placement of a student with disabilities, the Team convenes
   a. to develop or review a functional behavioral assessment of the student’s behavior to modify a behavior intervention plan or develop an assessment plan;
   b. to identify appropriate alternative educational setting(s); and
   c. to determine the relationship between the disability and the behavior - “a manifestation decision” (Is IEP appropriate? Is placement appropriate? If there was a behavior plan, was it implemented? Does student understand impact and consequences of his/her behavior? Can student control behavior?).

3. If the Team determines that the behavior is NOT a manifestation of the disability, then the district may suspend or expel the student consistent with policies applied to any student without disabilities, except that the district must still offer an appropriate education program to the student with disabilities which may be in some other setting.

4. Regardless of the manifestation determination, the district may place the student in an interim alternative educational setting (as determined by the Team) for up to 45 days
   a. if the behavior involves weapons or illegal drugs or another controlled substance while at school or a school function; or
   b. if the district provides evidence that the student is “substantially likely” to injure him/herself or others and a hearing officer orders the alternative placement; and
   c. the interim alternative education setting enables the student to continue in the general curriculum, to continue receiving services identified on the IEP, and provides services to address the problem behavior.

5. If the Team determines that the behavior IS a manifestation of the disability, then the district takes steps (with the consent of the parent) to correct the IEP, the placement, or the behavior intervention plan.

6. The school district provides written notice to the parent of all rights to appeal and to an expedited hearing. If the parent chooses to appeal, during the appeal the student stays put in the placement on the last accepted IEP or the interim alternative placement, unless the parent and the school district agree otherwise.

State Regulations

Federal Requirements
34 CFR 300.519-300.528

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Procedural requirements applied to students not yet determined to be eligible for special education

1. If, prior to the disciplinary action, a district had knowledge that the student may be a student with a disability, then the district makes all protections available to the student until and unless the student is subsequently determined not to be eligible. The district may be considered to have prior knowledge if:
   a. The parent had expressed concern in writing; or
   b. The parent had requested an evaluation; or
   c. School district staff had expressed concern that the student had a disability.
2. If the district had no reason to consider the student disabled, and the parent requests an evaluation subsequent to the disciplinary action, the district must have procedures to conduct an expedited evaluation to determine eligibility. If the student is found eligible, then he/she receives all procedural protections subsequent to the finding of eligibility.

3. The school district has developed procedures consistent with federal requirements to expedite evaluations.

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<tr>
<th>State Regulations</th>
<th>Federal Requirements</th>
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<tr>
<td>20 U.S.C. Chapter 33, Section 1415(k)</td>
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**SE48**

**FAPE (Free, appropriate, public education): Equal opportunity to participate in educational, nonacademic, extracurricular and ancillary programs, as well as participation in regular education**

All students receiving special education, regardless of placement, shall have an equal opportunity to participate in and, if appropriate, receive credit for the vocational, supportive, or remedial services that may be available as part of the general education program as well as the non-academic and extracurricular programs of the school.

Programs, services and activities include, but are not limited to:
1. art and music
2. vocational education, industrial arts, and consumer and homemaking education
3. work study and employment opportunities
4. counseling services available at all levels in the district
5. health services
6. transportation
7. recess and physical education, including adapted physical education
8. athletics and recreational activities
9. school-sponsored groups or clubs
10. meals

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<th>State Regulations</th>
<th>Federal Requirements</th>
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<tr>
<td>28.06(5)</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.121; 300.300-313</td>
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**SE49**

**Related services**

For each student with special education needs found to require related services, the school district provides or arranges for the provision of transportation and such developmental, corrective, and other supportive services as are required to assist a student to benefit from special education or to access the general curriculum, and includes:
1. speech-language pathology and audiology services
2. psychological services
3. physical therapy
4. occupational therapy
5. recreation, including therapeutic recreation
6. early identification and assessment of disabilities in children
7. counseling services, including rehabilitation counseling
8. orientation and mobility services (peripatrolgy)
9. medical services for diagnostic or evaluation purposes
10. school health services
11. social work services in schools, and
12. parent counseling and training.
Special Transportation

If the IEP specifies that the student’s disability requires transportation or specialized transportation arrangements in order to benefit from special education, the district implements these provisions of the student’s IEP.

1. The Team determines necessary modifications, special equipment, assistance, need for qualified attendants on vehicles, and any particular precautions required by the student and documents such determinations in the student's IEP. If specialized arrangements can be provided on regular transportation vehicles, the school district makes such arrangements.

2. The district arranges to have eligible students who use wheelchairs transported in vehicles that do not require such children to be removed from their wheelchairs in order to enter or leave the vehicles; provided, however, that this requirement is not applicable where a Team or the student’s physician recommends that the student regularly transfer in and out of conventional vehicles to or from a wheelchair for therapeutic or for independence training reasons.

3. The Team specifies whether the student requires assistance in or out of the home, on or off of the vehicle, and in or out of the school. If such assistance is specified, the district ensures that it is provided.

4. The Team specifies if the student has a particular need or problem that may cause difficulties during transportation, such as seizures, a tendency for motion sickness, behavioral concerns, or communication disabilities.

5. The school district does not allow transportation considerations to influence, modify, or determine the educational program, including the length of the school day, required by any student.
accommodation plan developed by the district’s general education program
to ensure that all efforts have been made to meet the needs of diverse
learners in the general education program. The plan assists the regular
classroom teacher in analyzing and accommodating diverse learning styles
of all children in the regular classroom and in providing appropriate services
and support within the regular education program including, but not limited
to, direct and systemic instruction in reading and provision of services to
address the needs of children whose behavior may interfere with learning.
The Plan includes teacher training in (1) analyzing and accommodating
diverse learning styles of all students in order to achieve an objective of
inclusion in the regular classroom of students with diverse learning styles;
(2) methods of collaboration among teachers, paraprofessionals and teacher
assistants to accommodate such styles; and (3) training in the provision of
pre-referral services within regular education, teacher mentoring and
collaboration and parental involvement.

3. Coordination with special education. The principal with the assistance of
the Administrator of Special Education coordinates the delivery and
supervision of special education services within each school building.

4. Educational services in home or hospital. Upon receipt of a physician’s
written order verifying that any student enrolled in a public school or placed
by the public school in a private setting must remain at home or in a hospital
on a day or overnight basis, or any combination of both, for medical reasons
and for a period of not less than fourteen school days in any school year, the
principal arranges for provision of educational services in the home or
hospital. Such services are provided with sufficient frequency to allow the
student to continue his or her educational program, as long as such services
do not interfere with the medical needs of the student. The principal
coordinates such services with the Administrator for Special Education for
eligible students. Such educational services are not be considered special
education unless the student has been determined eligible for such services,
and the services include services on the student’s IEP.

Administrator of Special Education:

5. The school district has an appointed person to be its Administrator of
Special Education. The Administrator supervises all special education for
the school district and ensures compliance with all federal and state special
education laws. As appropriate, and in accordance with the requirements of
M.G.L. c.71B, §3A, the Administrator may designate other school district
personnel to carry out some of the duties of the Administrator.

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<th>State Regulations</th>
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<tr>
<td>28.03(3)</td>
<td>Chapter 71, Section 38Q and 38Q ½</td>
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<tr>
<th>SE51</th>
<th><strong>Appropriate special education teacher certification/licensure</strong></th>
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<td>Individuals who design and/or provide direct special education services described in IEPs, or who supervise the provision of special education services by other teachers or paraprofessionals, are appropriately certified.</td>
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<th>State Regulations</th>
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<tr>
<td>28.02(3)</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.23; 300.136</td>
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<td>603 CMR 7.00</td>
<td>37 15</td>
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<tr>
<th>SE52</th>
<th><strong>Appropriate certifications/licenses or other credentials – related service</strong></th>
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<td>34 CFR 300.23; 300.136</td>
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Any person, including non-educational personnel, who provides related services described under federal special education law, who supervises paraprofessionals in the provision of related services, or who provides support services directly to the regular or special classroom teacher is appropriately certified, licensed, board-registered or otherwise approved to provide such services by the relevant professional standards board or agency for the profession.

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<tr>
<td>28.02(3)</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.23; 300.24; 300.136</td>
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### Use of paraprofessionals

1. Paraprofessionals and assistants (e.g., teacher aides, tutors and student teachers) are appropriately trained to assist in providing special education or related services.

2. Persons employed as paraprofessionals and assistants do not design instruction for students with disabilities but are expected to implement instruction under the supervision of an appropriately certified or licensed professional who is proximate and readily available to provide such supervision.

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<th>State Regulations</th>
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<tr>
<td>34 CFR 300.136(f)</td>
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### Professional development regarding special education

- The district considers the needs of all staff in developing training opportunities for professional and paraprofessional staff and provides a variety of offerings which at a minimum include the following training topics offered on an annual basis:
  1. state and federal special education requirements and related local special education policies and procedures;
  2. confidentiality of student records;
  3. training in analyzing and accommodating diverse learning styles of all students in order to achieve an objective of inclusion in the regular classroom of students with diverse learning styles;
  4. methods of collaboration among teachers, paraprofessionals and teacher assistants to accommodate diverse learning needs of all students in the regular classroom;
  5. training in the provision of pre-referral services within regular education, teacher mentoring and collaboration and parental involvement;
  6. training for all locally hired and contracted transportation providers on the unique needs of all students being transported in regular and special transportation vehicles; and
  7. in cooperation with the special education parent advisory council, at least one workshop annually within the district on the rights of students and their parents and guardians under the state and federal special education laws and makes written materials explaining such rights available upon request.

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<tr>
<th>State Regulations</th>
<th>Federal Requirements</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chapter 71, Section 38g</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.382</td>
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<tr>
<td>28.03(1)(a)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chapter 71, Section 38Q and 38Q ½</td>
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### VII. SCHOOL FACILITIES

**SE55**  
**Special education facilities and classrooms**  
1. The school district provides facilities and classrooms for eligible students which maximize the inclusion of such students into the life of the school;  
2. provide accessibility in order to implement fully each child’s IEP;  
3. are at least equal in all physical respects to the average standards of general education facilities and classrooms; and  
4. are given the same priority as general education programs for access to and use of instructional and other space in public schools in order to minimize the separation or stigmatization of eligible students.

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<th>State Regulations</th>
<th>Federal Requirements</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>28.03(1)(b)</td>
<td>Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973</td>
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### VIII. PROGRAM PLAN AND EVALUATION

**SE56**  
**Special education programs and services are evaluated**  
1. Special education programs, services and administrative areas are regularly evaluated.  
2. The district develops methods for determining the effectiveness of programs in assisting students with disabilities to achieve the goals set forth in their IEPs in the least restrictive environment.  
3. The district uses information it gathers from annual IEP reviews to measure the effectiveness of special education programs, and identifies programs, services and administrative areas that need improvement or must be developed.  
4. As part of these evaluation procedures, the district measures the success of programs based on students’ local and statewide assessment results, drop out rates and graduation rates for special education students.

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<th>State Regulations</th>
<th>Federal Requirements</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chapter 71B, Section 2</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.137</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chapter 71, Section 59C</td>
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### IX. RECORD KEEPING

**SE57**  
**Special education child count**  
1. The school district maintains appropriate procedures to ensure that an accurate and unduplicated child count is provided to the Department of Education upon request. A child count represents students with current, accepted IEPs who are provided, at a minimum, direct special education and/or related services by the district or by an out-of-district provider through a contract with the district.  
2. The child count also includes students with disabilities determined eligible for special education who are attending private schools at private expense and are receiving publicly funded services according to IEPs developed by the district.

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3. The district does not include as part of its special education child count (a) students who are determined by the Department to be erroneously classified as eligible to be counted under federal or state special education requirements; (b) students who are no longer receiving special education and/or related services; and (c) students with disabilities for whom the district has no programmatic responsibility, even if the district has financial responsibility.

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<tr>
<th>State Regulations</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>603 CMR 23.00</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.750-754; 300.145; 300.560-300.577 Family</td>
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<tr>
<td>Educational (FERPA)</td>
<td>Rights and Privacy Act 34 CFR 300.133</td>
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**Federal Special Education Entitlement Grant**

1. The district’s Special Education entitlement grant is designed by appropriate local administrators who are responsible for the implementation of the local special education programs and services.
2. Where necessary, appropriate local administrators amend the programmatic and budgetary sections of the grant according to procedures and timelines required by the Department of Education.
3. Appropriate local administrators monitor the entitlement grant in an ongoing manner to ensure its full implementation as the Department of Education has approved it.
4. The district has secured the approval of the Department of Education for all amendments prior to their implementation.

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<th>State Regulations</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>28.03(1)(c)</td>
<td>34 CFR 300.230; 300.340-300.500</td>
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